### Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution higher education "Dagestan State Medical University" Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation (FGBOU VO DSMU of the Ministry of Health of Russia)



#### WORKING PROGRAM OF THE DISCIPLINE

Introduction to information technology.

Presentation and processing of medical information.

Curriculum discipline index - B1.O.15.01

Direction of training (specialty): 31.05.01 - General Medicine

Level of higher education: *specialist*Graduate Qualification: *General doctor* 

Faculty: Medical

Department: Biophysics, informatics and medical equipment

Full-time form of education

Course: 1

Semester: 1, 2

Total Effort (in credits/hours): 4 CU/144 hours

Lectures: 24 hours Laboratory studies:

Practical training: 54 hours Independent work: 30 hours

Form of control: exam

The work program of the discipline "Introduction to information technology. Representation and processing of medical information" was developed in accordance with the Federal State Educational Standard of HE in the direction of training (specialty) 31.05.01 General Medicine, approved by order of the Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation No. 988 of 12.08.2020.

The work program of the academic discipline was approved at a meeting of the Department of Biophysics, Informatics and Medical Equipment 23.06.2022 Protocol № 10.

### Work program agreed:

1. Director of the SML of the DSMU Bolly (V.R. Musayeva)

2. Head of the Department of EMW and QCT (A.M. Karimova)

3. Dean of the Faculty of Medicine, (R.T.Savzikhanov)

Head of the Department (R.M. Abdulgalimov)

### Program developers:

- M.A.Magomedov Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Associate Professor of the Department of Biophysics, Informatics and Medical Equipmentio
- A.M.Kurbanova Candidate of Physical and Mathematical Sciences, Associate Professor of the Department of Biophysics, Informatics and Medical Equipment.

#### **Reviewers:**

- E.R. Nagiev Doctor of Medical Sciences, Head of the Department of general and biol. Chemistry, DSMU, professor.
- F.E. Esetov Head of the Department of Informatics and Computer Engineering, DSPU, Associate Professor.

## I. PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES OF MASTERING THE EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

**Purpose**: to familiarize students with the theoretical and methodological foundations of modern information technologies and the formation of the ability to use modern information technologies to solve the professional tasks of a doctor in general hygiene, in epidemiology.

**Tasks**: form a systemic understanding of the possibilities and benefits of using modern information and digital technologies in the field of professional activity; – form the ability to use information technology to solve educational and applied problems; – to form the skills of working with software tools for the effective solution of educational and applied problems.

#### II. PLANNED TRAINING OUTCOMES IN THE DISCIPLINE

Competences formed in the process of studying the discipline GEF 3++

Code and name of the competence (or part thereof)					
Code and name of the indicator of achievement of competence					
Universal com	petencies (UC)				
UC - 4. Able to use modern communication technologies, including in a foreign language(s), for academic and professional interaction					

**Know:** modern communication technologies, for academic and professional interaction.

**Be able to:** use modern information and communication tools and technologies in professional activities.

Skill: modern information and communication technologies for professional interaction.

#### **General professional competences (GPC)**

*GPC-10*. Able to understand the principles of operation of modern information technologies and use them to solve problems of professional activity

**AID-1**. Understands the principles of operation of modern information technologies (interactive mode, integration, flexibility of change processes)

**AID-4**. Carries out an effective search and uses information resources for the implementation of professional activities.

**Know**: the principles of operation of modern information technologies and use them to solve the problems of professional activity, a general description of the processes of collecting, storing, processing and transmitting information in the field of professional activity; basic means and methods of ensuring information security when working with various sources of information.

**Be able to**: carry out an effective search and use information resources for the implementation of professional activities, rationally choose and use information technologies for the effective solution of tasks; analyze and evaluate sources of information, information resources in solving research and practical problems; apply methods and means of information protection.

**Skill**: the principles of operation of modern information technologies (interactive mode, integration, flexibility of change processes), the main technologies for information retrieval in solving problem situations; technologies for collecting, storing and processing information, taking into account the basic requirements of information security.

## I. THE PLACE OF DISCIPLINE IN THE STRUCTURE OF THE EDUCATIONAL PROGRAM

Discipline "Medical Informatics: Introduction to information technology. Presentation and processing of medical information" refers to the obligatory part B1.0.15.01 of the curriculum in the specialty 31.05.01 General Medicine. The previous ones, on which the discipline "Medical Informatics: Introduction to information technology. Presentation and processing of medical information" is directly based, are the school course "Informatics and ICT".

IV. VOLUME OF DISCIPLINE AND TYPES OF EDUCATIONAL WORK
The total labor intensity of the discipline is 4 credit units.

Tung of study work	Total hours	Semesters		
Type of study work	Total nours	I	II	
Contact work of students with the teacher	78	26	52	
Classroom activities (total)	78	26	52	
Including	g:			
Lectures (L)	24	8	16	
Practical studies ( <b>PS</b> )	54	18	36	
Laboratory studies ( <i>LS</i> )				
Independent work of the student (IWS)	30	10	20	
Type of intermediate certification	36, exam		36, exam	
General labor intensity				
hours	144	36	108	
credit units	4	1	3	

# V. CONTENT OF THE WORKING PROGRAM OF THE DISCIPLINE (MODULE) 5.1. Sections of the discipline (module) and competencies that are formed during their study

№	Name discipline	Section content	Controlled
section	section	Section content	competency code
1	Fundamentals of	Information, information processes and	AID-3 UC-4
	information	information society. Arithmetic and logical	ATD 4
	technology	foundations of computers Representation of	AID-4 GPC-10
		information in computers. Computer	GPC-10
		hardware. Computer software.	
2	Databases and	Database. Computer networks. Computer	AID-3 UC-4
	computer networks	security threats and the basics of anti-virus protection.	AID-4 GPC-10
3	Information	Fundamentals of algorithmization. Medical	AID-3 UC-4
	technologies for	algorithmic language. Medical information	
	solving problems	systems and technologies. Automated medical	AID-4 GPC-10
	of professional	and technological systems for laboratory	GPC-10
	activity	research. Telecommunication systems in	
		medicine. Electronic reference and legal	

systems in professional activity.	

### 5.2. Sections of the discipline and labor intensity by types of educational work

10		Types of study work, hours				Total
№ section	Name discipline section	Cl	assroo	m	Extracurricular	hours
section		$\boldsymbol{L}$	LS	PW	GPC	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1	Fundamentals of information technology	8		18	10	36
2	Databases and computer networks	6		16	8	30
3	Information technologies for solving problems of professional activity	10		20	12	42
	Total:	24		54	30	108

### **5.3.** Thematic plan of lectures

№ section	Chapter disciplines	Topics of lectures	Number of hours per semester	
			I	II
1.	Fundamentals of information technology	<i>L.1.</i> Information, information processes and information society. Representation of information in a PC.	2	
		L.2. Arithmetic and logical bases.	2	
		L.3. PC hardware and software	2	
		<i>L.4-5.</i> Fundamentals of algorithmization. Medical algorithmic language.	2	2
2.	Databases and	L.6. Database		2
	computer networks	<i>L.7.</i> Computer networks		2
	networks	<i>L.8.</i> Computer security threats and the basics of antivirus protection		2
3.	Information technologies	<i>L.9.</i> Telecommunication technologies in medicine		2
	for solving problems of	<i>L.10.</i> Medical information systems of general clinical direction and sanitary and epidemiological service.		2
	professional activity	L.11. Automated medical and technological systems for laboratory research		2
		<b>L.12.</b> Electronic reference and legal systems in professional activity		2

Total: 8 16

### **5.4.** Thematic plan of practical classes

No Section of discipline No		Name of topics of practical classes	Forms of current control	Amount of hours per semester	
				I	II
1	Fundamentals	<b>PS.</b> 1. "Information, Information	I, PS, T	2	
	of information	Processes Information Society"			
technology		PS. 2. "Number systems"	I, PS, T	2	
		PS. 3. "Algebra of Logic"	I, PS, T	2	
		<b>PS. 4.</b> "Representation of information	I, PS, T	2	
		in a computer"			
		<b>PS. 5.</b> "Computer hardware"	I, PS, T	2	
		PS. 6. "MS Windows 10 operating	I, PS, T	2	
		system"			
		PS. 7. "MS Word Processor"	I, PS, T	2	
		PS. 8. "Spreadsheet MS Excel"	I, PS, T	2	
		PS. 9. "Creating Presentations in MS	I, PS, T	2	
	Power Point"				
		PS.9. "Creating Presentations in MS	I, PS, T		2
		Power Point"			
	Databases and	PS.10. "Database"	I, PS, T		4
2	computer	PS.11. "Local and global computer	I, PS, E		2
2	networks	networks"			
	neer or us	<b>PS.12</b> . "Computer security threats and	I, PS, T		2
		the basics of anti-virus protection"			
3	Information	PS.13. "Fundamentals of	I, PS, E		2
	technologies for	Algorithmization''			
	solving problems	PS.14. "Medical Algorithmic	I, PS, E		4
	of professional	Language"			
	activity	<b>PS.15.</b> "Medical information systems	I, PS, E		4
		of general clinical direction and			
		sanitary and epidemiological service"			
		<b>PS.16.</b> "Automated medical and	I, PS, E		6
		technological systems of laboratory			
		research"			
		PS.17. "Telecommunication	I, PS, E		6
		technologies in medicine"			
		<b>PS.18.</b> "Electronic reference and legal	I, PS, T		4
		systems in professional activity"			
		nediate certification	exam		36
	<u>Tota</u>	d in the semester:		18	36

## 5.5. Educational and methodological support for independent work in the discipline 5.5.1. Independent work of the student in the discipline

#### "Introduction to Information Technology"

№	Section of discipline	Name works	Labor intensity (hour)	Forms of control
1.	Fundamentals of information technology	Preparation for classroom studies (development of educational material on lecture notes and educational literature, preparation of an essay, preparation for tests)	10	Interview, essay, testing, situational tasks
2	Databases and computer networks	Preparation for classroom studies (development of educational material on lecture notes and educational literature, preparation of an essay, preparation for tests)	8	Interview, essay, testing, situational tasks
3	Information technologies for solving problems of professional activity	Preparation for classroom studies (development of educational material on lecture notes and educational literature, preparation of an essay, preparation for tests)	12	Interview, essay, testing, situational tasks
	Total:	1	30	

#### **5.5.2.** Topics of abstract works

- 1. Computer revolution: social perspectives and consequences.
- 2. The path to the information society.
- 3. History of supercomputers.
- 4. Types and characteristics of modern video cards.
- 5. Types and characteristics of modern processors.
- 6. Intel and AMD comparative characteristics of competing manufacturers of processors.
- 7. ATI and NVidia comparative characteristics of competing video card manufacturers.
- 8. Input devices: classification, their characteristics.
- 9. Output devices: classification, their characteristics.
- 10. Computer project of the fifth generation.
- 11. Pocket personal computers.
- 12. The concept of teaching computer systems.
- 13. Windows and MacOS: comparative characteristics.
- 14. History of information technology development (text and graphics processors, spreadsheets, etc.)

- 15. History of development of operating systems.
- 16. Windows and Unix: comparative characteristics.
- 17. Methods of computer graphics. Computer games
- 18. Characteristics of pattern recognition systems.
- 19. Formation and development of systems based on knowledge (expert systems).
- 20. Artificial intelligence.
- 21. Modern database design systems.
- 22. The concept of free software.
- 23. Graphic editors: types, advantages, disadvantages.
- 24. Development of OS family Windows.
- 25. Modern auxiliary programs-utilities.
- 26. History of the Internet.
- 27. The history of the development of information retrieval systems.
- 28. History of the development of communication systems on the Internet.
- 29. Protection of e-mail on the Internet.
- 30. Internet and cybercrime.
- 31. Search for information on the Internet. Web indexes, Web directories.
- 32. www. History of creation and modernity.
- 33. The concept of network etiquette.
- 34. The main components of computer networks (servers, types of communications, network adapters, software, modems).
- 35. Internet technologies in everyday life.
- 36. Offenses in the field of information technology.
- 37. Protection of information on the Internet.
- 38. The history of computer viruses and systems to counter them.
- 39. History of development of cryptography.
- 40. Development of information security systems.
- 41. Antivirus programs and their main characteristics.
- 42. The harmful effects of the computer. Protection methods.

5.5.3. Guidelines for students on mastering the discipline (attached) Appendix №3

### VI. EVALUATION TOOLS FOR CURRENT CONTROL OF PROGRESS AND INTERIM CERTIFICATION ON THE RESULTS OF MASTERING THE DISCIPLINE (Appendix 1)

#### 6.1. Current progress monitoring

## 6.1.1. The list of competencies indicating the stages of their formation in the process of mastering the work program of the discipline

Ŋoౖ	Name of the discipline section (module)	Controlled	Forms of
section		competency code (or	control
		part of it)	
1	Fundamentals of information technology	UC-4	PS, T, Interview,
		GPC-10	ST, Essay
2	Databases and computer networks	UC-4	PS, T, Interview,
		GPC-10	ST, Essay
3	Information technologies for solving	UC-4	PS, T, Interview,
	problems of professional activity	GPC-10	ST, abstract

#### 6.1.2. Examples of evaluation tools for monitoring progress

#### EXAMPLES!

For the current control of the progress of the discipline, the following evaluation tools are used:

#### INTERVIEW ON CONTROL QUESTIONS

The topic of the practical lesson  $N_2$  13. "Fundamentals of Algorithmization".

Controlled Competency Codes: UC-4 ID-3, GPD-10 ID 1, 4.

- 1. What is an algorithm? What is the origin of the term "algorithm"?
- 2. What sections does the modern theory of algorithms consist of?
- 3. Who can be the executor of the algorithm?
- 4. What is the task formalization?
- 5. What are the properties of the algorithm? What requirements must the algorithm meet?
- 6. What ways of writing algorithms do you know?
- 7. What are the disadvantages of the verbal way of writing the algorithm? What are the advantages and disadvantages of representing an algorithm in the form of a flowchart? What are "pseudocodes"?
- 8. What basic algorithmic constructions do you know? What is a "linear algorithm"? What is a "branching algorithm"? What determines the choice of path when branching?
- 9. What is a "round robin"? What is the difference between a precondition loop and a postcondition loop?
- 10. Write an algorithm for calculating the factorial of the number N ( $N!=1\cdot 2\cdot 3 \dots \cdot N$ ). Input: N is an integer whose factorial is to be calculated. Output data: factorial factorial value of N, product of numbers from 1 to N, integer. Intermediate data: i is an integer variable that takes

a) SRAM

b) RAM

c) ROM

### Criteria for assessing the current control of progress (Written work on the topic of the practical lesson)

- "Excellent": The student has a deep knowledge of the educational material on the topic of the practical lesson, formulated a complete and correct answer to the questions of the topic of the lesson, in compliance with the logic of the presentation of the material, shows the assimilation of the relationship of the basic concepts used in the work. The student demonstrates knowledge of theoretical and practical material on the topic of the lesson.
- "Good": The student showed knowledge of the educational material, mastered the basic literature, was able to answer almost completely all questions. The student demonstrates knowledge of theoretical and practical material on the topic of the lesson, allowing minor inaccuracies.
- "Satisfactory": The student as a whole mastered the material of the practical lesson, answered not all control questions. The student finds it difficult to correctly assess the proposed task, gives an incomplete answer.
- "Unsatisfactory": The student has significant gaps in the knowledge of the main educational material of the practical lesson, did not fully disclose the content of the questions, could not compose a single algorithm. The student gives an incorrect assessment of the situation, incorrectly chooses an algorithm of actions. An unsatisfactory mark is given to a student who did not answer the questions on the topic of the practical lesson.

#### **CURRENT CONTROL OF PROGRESS – TESTS**

Lesson topic number 5. "Computer hardware"

	•	led competencies: UC-4, GPC	
		Option 2	
1. Scanners are:			
a) Mechanical and o	ptical b	) Hand and tablet	
c) Matrix and laser	d	) Mechanical and automatic	
2. Which type of m	onitor uses an electro	on gun?	
a) In liquid crystal		Based on a cathode ray tube	
c) Plasma panels	<b>d</b> )	In OLED monitors	
3. What type of pri	nter uses the princip	le of ink drop printing?	
a) In matrix	<b>b</b> ) Inkjet	c) In thermosublimation	d) In laser
4. A write-once opt	ical disc is indicated		
a) CD-ROM	<b>b</b> ) CD-RW	c) DVD-RW	d) CD-R
5. Memory that sto	res data only while tl	ne PC is running is called	
a) Long term	<b>b</b> ) semi-permanent	c) Permanent	<b>d</b> ) Operational
6 Which of the fall	owing momory dovice	as ara valatila?	

d) OVC

7. Which of the f	following memor	y devices are i	non-volatile?		
a) SRAM b)	RAM c) RO	<b>d</b> ) OVC			
8. Which of the	devices are input	devices?			
a) Printer	b) Scanner	c) Keyboar	d d) Mo	onitor	
e) Touchpad	f) Plotter	g) Trackbal	1		
9. Which of the	devices are outp	ut devices?			
a) Plotter b)	Scanner c)	Keyboard	<b>d</b> ) Monitor	e) Digitizer	<b>f</b> ) Printer
10. What is the r	nain fundament	al difference b	etween storing	information or	n external
information n	nedia and storing	g in RAM			
a) In a different a	mount of stored i	nformation			
<b>b</b> ) In different spe	eed of access to st	tored information	on		
<b>c</b> ) In the ability to	set a ban on reco	ording informat	ion		
<b>d</b> ) In the possibility	ity of saving info	rmation after tu	rning off the co	mputer	
11 Posis somnu	tor configuration	a includes.			
<ul><li>11. Basic compu</li><li>a) Processor, inte</li></ul>	_		input and outpu	at devices	
	•	•	input and outpu	it devices	
b) Arithmetic log			monitor prints		
c) Microprocesso		•	, monitor, printe	er, mouse	
<b>d</b> ) System unit, m	ionitor, keyboard	, mouse			
12. Permanent s	torage device is 1	used for:			
a) Storing the use	er program during	operation			
<b>b</b> ) Storage of peri	manently used pro	ograms			
c) Storage of prog	grams for initial b	ooting of the co	omputer and tes	ting of its comp	onents
<b>d</b> ) Recordings of		=	=		
e) Permanent stor					
13. The main pa	rameters of mici	coprocessors a	re:		
a) Bit depth	<b>b</b> ) Clock free	quency	c) Cache size	e	
<b>d</b> ) USB memory	e) Coprocess	sor	<b>f</b> ) Performar	nce	
14. A non-volati	•	nory device th	at contains pro	grams that im	plement input-
output function					
a) POST	b) BIOS	c) CMOS	<b>d</b> ) MS 1	DOS e) ]	RAM
15. In what units	s is the resolution	n of the scanne	er and printer i	neasured?	
a) dpi b	<b>o</b> ) spi <b>c</b> ) p	ppi <b>d</b> )	lpi		
Criteria for a: • "Excellent": • "Good" : 85- • "Satisfactory	-70%	rent control of	progress (testi	ng):	

• "Unsatisfactory": <55%

### PRACTICAL SKILLS (MS Word text processor)

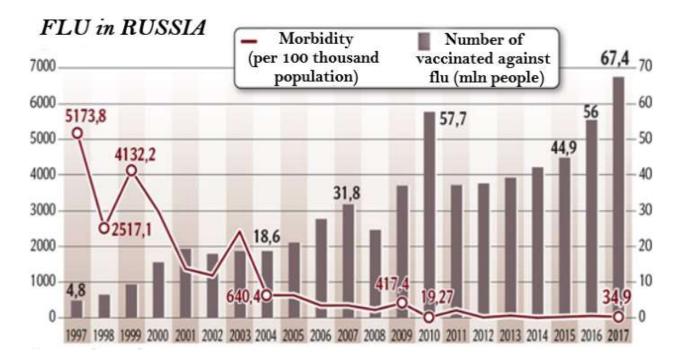
### Theme of the laboratory lesson № 7. "Text processor MS Word"

Codes of controlled competencies: GPC-10.

**Task №1.** Create a medical opinion form according to the model:

		Form code		
Address				
		Me	edical docum	entation
License			Form № 0	03
		Approved by	order Minist	ry of Health of th
		F	Russian Fede	ration
		from «»	20	г. №
		al conclusion  5 № 0000325		
on the presence (absence) contraindications,	•	,		, ,
1. Full name				
2 Data of hinthy days ma		***************************************		
2. Date of birth: daymo	)11ti1	yeai	<del></del>	
3. Place of registration:				
th	ne subject of the	e Russian Federati	ion	
	district			city
				·
street				
4. Date of issue of the medical re	eport: day	month	yea	ır
5. Medical conclusion:				
The absence (presence) of medic	cal contraindic	ations, medical ind	lications or n	nedical restriction
driving vehicles was revealed (u	nderline as neo	cessary).		
<b>«</b>		» M.M	. Magomedo	v
P.P.	signature	-		

**Task №2.** Based on the data presented in the chart, create a table and the same combination chart.



#### Criteria for assessing the current progress control (Text processor MS Word):

- ✓ "Unsatisfactory": The student does not have practical skills in working with the word processor MS Word.
- ✓ "Satisfactory": The student has basic skills, but makes mistakes and inaccuracies in the formatting of text and paragraphs. The student is basically able to independently fulfill the main provisions in the studied material. The student is able to master the skill of using some of the tools of the MS Word text processor.
- ✓ "Good": The student has knowledge of all the studied program material, presents the material consistently, makes minor mistakes and shortcomings when reproducing the studied material. The student does not have sufficient skills in MS Word, is oriented correctly, but works slowly.
- ✓ "Excellent": The student independently identifies the main provisions in the studied material and is able to give a brief description of the main ideas of the studied material. The student demonstrates a deep and complete knowledge of the rules for applying the basic functions of MS Word by creating and editing documents of two to three pages for various purposes and situations. Examples include reports, multi-column newsletters, questionnaires, and professionally designed business letters.

#### **ESS**

#### $\mathbf{AY}$

#### Chapter № 1. "Fundamentals of Information Technology".

Codes of controlled competencies: UC-4, GPC-10.

#### Topics of abstracts:

- 1. Computer revolution: social perspectives and consequences.
- 2. The path to the information society.
- 3. History of supercomputers.
- 4. Types and characteristics of modern video cards.
- 5. Types and characteristics of modern processors.
- 6. Intel and AMD comparative characteristics of competing manufacturers of processors.
- 7. ATI and NVidia comparative characteristics of competing video card manufacturers.
  - 8. Input devices: classification, their characteristics.
  - 9. Output devices: classification, their characteristics.
  - 10. Computer project of the fifth generation.
  - 11. Pocket personal computers.
  - 12. The concept of teaching computer systems.
  - 13. Windows and MacOS: comparative characteristics.
- 14. History of information technology development (text and graphics processors, spreadsheets, etc.)
  - 15. History of development of operating systems.
  - 16. Windows and Unix: comparative characteristics.
  - 17. Methods of computer graphics. Computer games
  - 18. Characteristics of pattern recognition systems.
- 19. Formation and development of systems based on knowledge (expert systems).
  - 20. Modern database design systems

### **Criteria for evaluating current control (essay):**

- Novelty of the abstracted text: max. 20 points;
- The degree of disclosure of the essence of the problem: max. 30 points;
- Validity of the choice of sources: max. 20 points;
- Compliance with design requirements: max. 15 points;
- Literacy: max. 15 points.

#### **Abstract evaluation:**

The abstract is evaluated on a 100-point scale, the points are converted into academic performance assessments as follows (points are taken into account in the process of the current assessment of knowledge of the program material):

- $\checkmark$  86 − 100 points "excellent";
- $\checkmark$  70 85 points "good";
- ✓ 55 69 points "satisfactory";
- ✓ less than 55 points "unsatisfactory".

### **Testing - in writing Section** № 2. "Database. Computer network"

<u>(</u>	Codes of controlled o	competencies: UK-4,	<u>GPC-10.</u>
1. What are dat	abase management s	systems used for?	
a. for storing la	arge arrays of numeri	cal data and their au	tomated processing;
•	nd automated proces		1
_	ks and relationships;	<b>88</b>	, - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	-	the Internet of large	arrays of medical data;
		ine internet of large	arrays or medicar data,
a. to create pur	olishing systems.		
2. List the mos	t common DBMS ve	rsions	
a. Microsoft W	ord, Word Pad, dBas	se IV, FoxPro;	
b. Power Point	, Word Pad, Clipper-	5;	
	oxPro, Clipper-5, Ac		
	rosoft Word, Word F		
3. What comma	and is used to create	the database file stru	ıcture?
a. structure;	b. Width;	+ c. create;	d. decimal.
a. structure,	o. Widii,	i c. create,	a. doennar.
4. To save the	database on disk, use	the key combination	n:
+a. Ctrl-W;	b. Alt-W;	c. Ctrl-Enter;	d. Shift - Enter.
5. What comma	and is used to add ne	w records to the data	abase file?
a. use;	+b. append;	c. report;	d. Structure.
		-	
6. Marking rec	ords for deletion in tl	he editing window is	carried out by pressing

7. How is the opening of the editing window in full screen?

b. Ctrl-W;

the key combination:

a. Ctrl - End;

a. By pressing the keys Ctrl-W; b. By pressing the Ctrl-Page Up keys;

+ c. Ctrl-T; d. Ctrl - I.

+ c. By pressing the keys Ctrl-F10; d. By pressing the Ctrl-End keys.

- 8. How are individual fields removed?
- a. by selecting the field name and then pressing the key combination Ctrl+I;
- +b. by selecting the field name and then pressing the key combination Ctrl+D;
- c. by selecting the field name and then pressing the key combination Ctrl+T;
- d. by selecting the field name and then pressing the key combination Ctrl+F10.
- 9. Viewing the database structure is carried out by the command:
- a. list display structure; +b. display structure;
- c. display record; d. list off display structure.
- 10. Select a command to display the fifth record of the database file:
- a. list off display record 5;
- b. list display record 5;

+ c. display record 5;

- d. display report 5;
- e. list off display record 5.
- 11. How is the database displayed on the screen?
- a. list database;
- b. list off database;
- + c. list off;

- d. list display database;
- e. list off display database.

- 12. Correct statement:
- a. the FoxPro package has an interpreter that allows you to generate exe-files of finished programs;
- b. the FoxPro package has an interpreter that allows you to generate com-files of finished programs;
- + c. the FoxPro package has a compiler that allows you to generate exe-files of finished programs;
- d. The FoxPro package has a compiler that allows you to generate bat-files of finished programs.
- 13. FoxPro database field type can be:
- a. Fpt, False, numeric, memo, character, date;
- b. True, structure, numeric, character, date, memo;
- + c. Character, numeric, logical, date, memo;
- d. Character, numeric, date, memo, true.
- 14. How long are numeric fields?
- a. up to 254 bytes; +b. up to 20 bytes; c. up to 16 bytes; d. up to 8 bytes.
- 15. Databases containing a large number of fields are more conveniently

presented in the format:

a. Browse; b. append; +c. change;

#### Testing evaluation criteria

The test is evaluated on a 100-point scale, the points are converted into academic grades as follows:

d. Edit.

- ✓ 86 100 points "*excellent*";
- $\checkmark$  70 85 points "good";
- $\checkmark$  55 − 69 points "satisfactory";
- ✓ less than 55 points "unsatisfactory".

#### SITUATIONAL TASKS BY SECTIONS OF THE DISCIPLINE

Section No. 3. "Information technologies for solving problems of professional activity" <u>Codes of controlled competencies: UC-4, GPC-10.</u>

- **TASK 1**. In the city of N. in 2019, 1,100 cases of dysentery, 1,300 of measles, 500 of scarlet fever, 150 of whooping cough, 480 of infectious hepatitis, 10 of diphtheria and 1,790 of other infections were registered. Using MS Excel functions, calculate the indicator of the structure of infectious morbidity.
- **TASK 2**. When analyzing the incidence of children in the children's clinic in section № 2, the following data were obtained: total children 740. Registered diseases: 975 including: dysentery 18 influenza 405 pneumonia 19 acute respiratory infections 278 others. fell ill 255. Using the functions of MS Excel to determine the structure and frequency of morbidity in children, including by nosological forms.
- **TASK 3**. In city N: Population 500,000 people; born 4400 people; died 7000 people, children who died before 1 year 96 people; in maternity hospitals of the city: born alive 4400 people; Among the children who died under the age of 1 year, there were 40 people who died from diseases of the newborn; from diseases of the respiratory system 30 people; from diseases of the gastrointestinal tract 16 people; from congenital anomalies 6 people; from other reasons 4 people.

Based on the presented data, using MS Excel functions, calculate and evaluate the following demographic indicators: birth rate, death rate, natural increase, infant mortality, indicator of the structure of causes of infant mortality (separately for each cause).

#### Criteria for assessing the current monitoring of progress (situational tasks):

✓ "Excellent": The answer to the question of the problem is given correctly. The explanation of the course of its solution is detailed, consistent, competent, with

theoretical justifications (including from the lecture course), with the necessary schematic images, the answers to the questions are correct, clear.

- "Good": The answer to the question of the problem is given correctly. The explanation of the course of its solution is detailed, but not logical enough, with single errors in details, some difficulties in theoretical justification (including from lecture material), in schematic images, with single errors in the solution; the answers to the questions are correct, but not clear enough.
- "Satisfactory": The answer to the question of the task is given correctly. The explanation of the course of its solution is not complete enough, inconsistent, with errors, weak theoretical justification (including lecture material), with significant difficulties and errors in schematic images, answers to questions are not clear enough, with errors in details.
- "Unsatisfactory": The answer to the question of the task is given incorrectly. The explanation of the course of its solution is given incomplete, inconsistent, with gross errors, without theoretical justification (including lecture material); the answers to the questions are incorrect (or missing).

#### 6.2. Intermediate certification based on the results of mastering the discipline

#### 6.2.1. The form of intermediate certification is an exam. Semester 2

#### **6.2.2.** The procedure for conducting intermediate certification.

The exam is conducted orally in the form of an interview on tickets.

### **6.2.3.** Sample questions to prepare for the exam.

- 1. Basic concepts of computer science. Information and data. Types of information. Information properties
- 2. Information processes. The role of information in the development of society. Information potential of society.
- 3. History of the development of computer technology.
- 4. The device and the main characteristics of the motherboard.
- 5. Central processor, organization and main characteristics of computer memory.
- 6. Devices forming external memory. Input and output devices.
- 7. Classification of computers and computing systems.
- 8. Representation of numbers in a computer.
- 9. Coding of signs (symbols).
- 10. Coding of graphic information.
- 11. Definition of a color model. Color model RGB, CMYK, LAB, HSB.
- 12. Coding of sound information.

- 13. Classification of software according to the degree of interaction with the PC hardware.
- 14. Classification of software by type of licensing.
- 15. Classification of software by destination platform.
- 16. Classification of software according to the way of interaction with the user.
- 17. Classification of software in relation to the network.
- 18. Classification of software by installation method.
- 19. Classification of software for development purposes.
- 20. Classification of software by hardware platform.
- 21. Classification of software according to the degree of danger.
- 22. The composition of the system software.
- 23. Representation of the structure of the operating system.
- 24. Classification of operating systems.
- 25. The structure of the Windows file system.
- 26. Text processing systems.
- 27. Basic elements and features of Excel spreadsheet.
- 28. Types of number systems. The base of the positional number system. Translation from one number system to another. Arithmetic operations in SS.
- 29. Basic concepts of propositional algebra, operations on logical propositions and the compilation of logical formulas
- 30. Basic laws of the algebra of logic
- 31. Drawing up a truth table for a logical formula
- 32. Construction of switching circuits based on the algebra of logic
- 33. Local networks and LAN components
- 34. Network terms
- 35. Wireless networks
- 36. Classification of Internet services by type of appeal: interactive services, direct communication services, delayed communication services.
- 37. Search for information on the Internet.
- 38. Stages of solving problems using a computer.
- 39. Properties of algorithms. Forms of writing algorithms.
- 40. Basic algorithmic structures.

#### **6.2.4.** Ticket example.

FSBEI HE DSMU of the Ministry of Health of Russia

Department of Biophysics, Informatics and Medical Equipment

Specialty (direction) General Medicine Discipline.

Introduction to information technology.

Presentation and processing of medical information.

## QUESTIONS FOR THE EXAM Ticket № 1

Approved at a meeting of the department, minutes from «31» august 2021 № 1

- 1. What is information technology. Object, purpose, properties and methods of information technology.
- 2. The concept of information. Types of medical information.
- 3. Entering, editing, data formatting and calculations in MS Excel. Automation of data entry. Using complex formulas and standard functions.

Department head:	
AbdulgalimovR.M,	
doc.pedag.sciences, associate professor	/
	signature
Compilers:	
AbdulgalimovR.M,	
doc.pedag.sciences, associate professor	/
	signature
Kurbanova A.M., associate professor	
of the Department of Biophysics,	
cand.ph.math. sciences	/
	signature

## 6.2.5. The system for evaluating the results of mastering the discipline (module), a description of the assessment scales, grading.

The assessment system includes an exam.

When conducting an intermediate certification in the form of an exam, an assessment scale is used (according to levels - to know, be able, skill): "unsatisfactory", "satisfactory", "good", "excellent".

	Evaluation scale			
Evaluation criteria	''unsatisfactory'' (minimum not reached)	''satisfactory'' (minimum level)	''good'' (average level)	''excellent'' (high level)
UC-4. Al	ble to apply modern co	mmunication techno	ologies, including in a	foreign language(s),
for acaden	nic and professional int	eraction		
	identify the main provisions in the studied material of the discipline. Does not know modern information and communication means and technologies in professional activities; fundamentals of information security of	mastered the main content of the material of the discipline, but has gaps in the assimilation of the material that do not prevent further assimilation of the educational material. Has unsystematized	The student is able to independently highlight the main provisions in the studied material. Knows the basics of modern information and communication nyh means and technologies in professional activity; information security of professional activity.	The student independently identifies the main provisions in the studied material and is able to give a brief description of the main ideas worked out. material of the discipline. Knows the general characteristics of the processes of collecting, storing, processing and transmitting information in the field of professional activity.  Demonstrates a deep knowledge and understanding of the principles of modern information
Be able	The student does not	The student	The student is able to	technology. The student is able to
to	know how to use modern information and communication tools and technologies	experiences difficulties in highlighting the	independently identify the main provisions in the studied material. The student is able to use	consistently highlight the main provisions in the studied material The student is able to independently give a

	T	T		,
	activities; observe the	_	information	brief description of
	information security of		technology to	the main ideas of the
	professional activities.	inconsistently and	effectively solve	studied material of the
		unsystematically	problems. The student	discipline. The
		presents the	is able to analyze and	student is able to
		educational material.	evaluate sources of	apply methods and
		The student finds it	information,	means of information
		difficult to use	information resources	protection
		information	in solving research	
		technology to	and practical	
			problems.	
		tasks.	r	
skill	The student does not	The student has	The student has	The student
SKIII	have the skill to use	basic skills in	knowledge of	independently selects
	modern information	highlighting the	everything studied	the main position in
	and communication	main content of the	program material, he	the studied material
	tools and technologies	material of the	presents the material	and is able to give a
	_		*	
	in professional	discipline. The	consistently, but makes minor mistakes	brief description of
	activities; compliance with the information	student is generally able to		studied material. The
			and shortcomings	
	security of professional		when reproducing the studied material. The	student shows a deep
	activities.	present the		and complete
		educational material.		knowledge of the
		The student	independently	entire volume of the
		basically has the	identify the main	studied discipline in
		skill of using	provisions in the	terms of information
			studied material of the	
		technologies in	discipline.	problem situations.
		solving problem		The student owns the
		situations.		technologies for
				collecting, storing and
				processing
				information, taking
				into account the basic
				requirements of
				information security.
<i>GPC-10</i> . A	ble to understand the pr	inciples of operation	of modern information	
	ve problems of profession		01 1110 40111 11110111140101	a commonogras una uso
know	The student is not able		The student is able to	The student
		to independently	independently	independently
		highlight the main		identifies the main
		provisions in the	0 0	provisions in the
	studied material of the		=	studied material and
			Knows the basics of	
		all studied program	modern information	
		material. Gives a		main ideas of the
		complete and correct		studied material of the
	technology research.	answer based on the	· -	discipline Knows the
	definition gy research.	studied theoretical	activities.	general characteristics
			activities.	of IT in the field of
		and practical		
		materials on modern		professional activity.
		research in the field		Demonstrates a deep
		of information		knowledge and
		technology, minor		understanding of the

		errors and		min sinles of modern
				principles of modern information
		shortcomings in the		
		reproduction of the		technology.
		studied material,		
		gives complete		
		definitions of		
		concepts.		
Be able	The student does not		The student is able to	
to		to independently		consistently highlight
	modern information	highlight the main	knowledge of modern	the main provisions in
	resources and artificial	provisions in the	information resources	the studied material.
	intelligence systems to	studied material; on	for the	The student is able to
	carry out professional	the basis of facts and	implementation of	independently give a
	activities	examples,	professional activities.	
		generalize, draw		the main ideas of the
		conclusions,		studied material.
		establish intra-		
		subject		
		relationships.		
skill	The student does not	The student owns	The student has	The student
	have practical skills in		sufficient skills in	independently selects
	-	the studied program		the main position in
	information databases,	1 0	information	the studied material
	including the Unified		databases, including	and is able to give a
	C	consistently, makes		brief description of
	System in the field of			the main ideas of the
	healthcare	shortcomings when		studied material.
		reproducing the	specialized software	station material.
		studied material,	Specialized software	
		which do not affect		
		the essence of the		
		material being		
		presented.		
	<u> </u>	presenteu.		

## VII. EDUCATIONAL-METHODOLOGICAL AND INFORMATION SUPPORT OF THE EDUCATIONAL DISCIPLINE

#### 7.1. Main literature

#### **Printed sources:**

	Ŋoౖ	Name	Number of copies in library
	1		
Ī	•		

#### **Electronic editions:**

№	Editions
1	

## 7.2. Additional literature Printed sources:

No॒	Name	Number of copies in library
1	Informatics. Practical course. Truzhenikova S.E., Atlukhanova L.B., Magomedov M.A, Azizkhanova A.E., Magomedova M.A. ИПЦ ДГМУ, Махачкала 2019.	60

#### **Electronic editions:**

N₂	Name of publication
1	

### 7.3. Resources of the information and telecommunications network "Internet"

No	Resource name	Website address
1.	PubMed MEDLINE	http://www.pubmed.com
2.	Google scholar	http://scholar.google.com
3.	Scirus	http://www.scirus.com/srapp
4.	Medical News	<u>info@univadis.ru</u>
5.	Health issues. About WHO	http://www.who.int/en/
6.	Ministry of Education and Science of the Russian Federation	http://минобрнауки.рф
7.	Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation	http://www.rosminzdrav.ru
8.	Ministry of Health of the Republic of Dagestan	http://minzdravrd.ru
9.	Scientific Electronic Library CyberLeninka	http://cyberleninka.ru
10.	Electronic scientific library	https://elibrary.ru/defaultx.asp
11.	Federal Electronic Medical Library (FEMB)	http://feml.scsml.rssi.ru
12	Univadis®: an international information and educational portal that helps doctors around the world stay at the forefront of their specialties.	http://www.medlinks.ru/
13.	Medical search engine	http://www.medinfo.ru/
14.	Faculty of Fundamental Medicine, Lomonosov Moscow State University M. V. Lomonosov (publications).	http://www.fbm.msu.ru/sci/publications/
15.	Reference book of medicines.	http://www.rlnet.ru/
16.	RFBR electronic library.	http://www.rfbr.ru/
17	State Central Scientific Medical Library	http://www.scsml.ru//
18	Недуг.ру (medical information service)	http://www.nedug.ru/
19	Libraries on the Internet.	http://guide.aonb.ru/libraries1.htm
20	Science and education on the Internet.	http://guide.aonb.ru/nauka.htm
21	Electronic library of textbooks.	http://studentam.net
22	Library.	www.MedBook.net.ru
23	Electronic medical books.	http://www.med.book.net.ru/21shtm
24	Portal textbooks - free RF.	http://учебникибесплатно.pф/http://sci- book.com/

#### 7.4. Information Technology

When studying the discipline, a common package of documents and Internet materials is used, which provide ample opportunities for improving university training in physics and mathematics in order to master the skills of educational activities. The standard features of most programs are the implementation of the didactic principle of visibility in teaching, their use enables students to apply various methods to solve an educational problem. Work with educational literature is considered as a type of educational work in the discipline "Medical Informatics. Introduction to information technologies. Presentation and processing of medical information" and is performed within the hours allotted for its study (in the IWS section). Each student is provided with access to the library funds of the university and the department. Guidelines for students have been developed for each section of the academic discipline.

The teaching methods using information technology, used both in lectures and in practical classes in Medical Informatics, include:

- computer testing;
- demonstration of multimedia materials;
- a list of encyclopedic sites.
- operating system MICROSOFT Windows 10 Pro
- Application packages Microsoft Office Professional Plus 2013 (as part of Microsoft Word 2013, Microsoft Excel 2013, Microsoft Power Point 2013).
- Microsoft Office Standard 2016 (as part of Microsoft Word 2016, Microsoft Excel 2016, Microsoft Power Point 2016).
  - Antivirus software
  - Kaspersky Security 10 Windows.

#### List of licensed software:

- 1. Electronic Information and Educational Environment (EIOS) of DSMU. URL: https://eos-dgmu.ru Access mode by login and password.
- 2. **Student advisor:** electronic library system. URL: <a href="http://www.studentlibrary.ru">http://www.studentlibrary.ru</a> Access mode by login and password.
- 3. **Physician's consultant:** electronic library system. URL: <a href="http://www.rosmedlib.ru">http://www.rosmedlib.ru</a> Access mode by login and password.
- 4. **Federal Electronic Medical Library (FEMB).** URL: <a href="http://feml.scsml.rssi.ru">http://feml.scsml.rssi.ru</a>. Access mode by login and password.
- 5. **Scientific electronic library eLibrary.** URL: <a href="https://www.elibrary.ru/defaultx.asp.">https://www.elibrary.ru/defaultx.asp.</a>
  Access mode by login and password.
  - 6. **Medical reference and information system.** URL: <a href="http://www.medinfo.ru">http://www.medinfo.ru</a> . Access mode by login and password.
- 7. **Scientific electronic libraryKiberLeninka.**URL: <a href="http://www.cyberleninka.ru">http://www.cyberleninka.ru</a>. Access mode by login and password.
- 8. **RFBR electronic library.** URL: <a href="http://www.rfbr.ru/">http://www.rfbr.ru/</a>. Access mode by login and password.
  - 9. All-Russian educational Internet program for doctors.

URL: <a href="http://www.internist.ru/">http://www.internist.ru/</a>. Access mode - by login and password.

### VIII. LOGISTICS

Nº	Type of room with a number (classroom, laboratory, computer lab, etc.) indicating the address (location) of the building, clinical base, building, structure, room, area of the room, its purpose (for independent work, for conducting practical classes, monitoring, intermediate assessment, e-learning, lectures, etc.)	Equipment identification
	For practical to	
	№3 - 42.25 m2 (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd	Personal computers with Windows 10
	floor.)	and MS Office 2016 - 16 pcs.
	№4 – - 42.25 m2 (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd	Personal computers with Windows 10
	floor.)	and MS Office 2016 - 16 pcs.
	$N_{2}5 - 50 \text{ m}^2$ (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd floor.)	Personal computers with Windows 10
		and MS Office 2016 - 20 pcs.
	$№7 - 39 \text{ m}^2$ (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd floor.)	Personal computers with Windows 10
		and MS Office 2016 - 16 pcs.
	$№8 - 40 \text{ m}^2$ (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd floor.)	Personal computers with Windows 10
		and MS Office 2016 - 19 pcs.
	$N_{2}9 - 40 \text{ m}^{2}$ (Imam Shamil street, 44, 3rd floor.)	Personal computers with Windows 10
		and MS Office 2016 - 19 pcs.
	Assistant room $-19.5 \text{ m}^2$ (Imam Shamil street,	
	44, 3rd floor.)	
	For lecture cl	asses
	Hall $Noldsymbol{1}$ – 270 m <sup>2</sup> (Imam Shamil street, 44, 1st	Electronic presentation. Samsung
	floor.)	laptop; Projector Epson EB-X02;
		Canon MF231;
	Hall $N = 2 - 270$ m <sup>2</sup> (Imam Shamil street, 44, 1st	Electronic presentation. Samsung
	floor.)	laptop; Projector Epson EB-X02;
		Canon MF231;
	Hall $N = 3 - 270$ m <sup>2</sup> (Imam Shamil street, 44, 1st	Electronic presentation. Samsung
	floor.)	laptop; Projector Epson EB-X02;
		Canon MF231;

#### IX. METHODOLOGICAL SUPPORT OF THE DISCIPLINE

The methodological support of the discipline is developed in the form of a separate set of documents: "Methodical recommendations for lectures", "Methodical recommendations for practical exercises", "Methodological recommendations for the student" as an appendix to the work program of the discipline (module)

# X. FEATURES OF THE ORGANIZATION OF EDUCATION ON THE DISCIPLINE FOR THE DISABLED AND PERSONS WITH LIMITED HEALTH OPPORTUNITIES

#### 10.1. Education of disabled people and persons with disabilities

If necessary, it is carried out by the department on the basis of an adapted work program using special teaching methods and didactic materials, compiled taking into account the characteristics of the psychophysical development, individual capabilities and health status of such students (student).

## 10.2. In order to master the curriculum of the discipline for disabled people and persons with disabilities health department provides:

- 1) for the disabled and people with visual impairments:
- placement in accessible places for students who are blind or visually impaired, and in an adapted form of reference information about the schedule of training sessions;
- the presence of an assistant providing the student with the necessary assistance;
- release of alternative formats for methodological materials (large print or audio files);
  - 2) for the disabled and people with hearing disabilities:
  - appropriate sound means of reproduction of information;
- 3) for disabled people and persons with disabilities who have disorders of the musculoskeletal system:

- the possibility of unhindered access of students to classrooms, toilets and other premises of the department. In case of impossibility of unhindered access to the department, organize the educational process in a specially equipped center for individual and collective use of special technical training aids for the disabled and persons with disabilities (A.Aliyev street 1, biological building, 1st floor).
- **10.3. Education of students with disabilities** can be organized both jointly with other students, and in separate groups.

## 10.4. The list of educational and methodological support for independent work of students in the discipline.

Educational and methodological materials for independent work of students from among the disabled and persons with disabilities are provided in forms adapted to the limitations of their health and perception of information:

Categories of students	Forms	
	- in printed form;	
hearing loss	- in the form of an electronic	
	document;	
visually impaired	- in printed form in enlarged type;	
	- in the form of an electronic	
	document;	
	- in the form of an audio file;	
With a violation of the	- printed form;	
musculoskeletal system	- in the form of an electronic document;	

This list can be specified depending on the contingent of students.

## 10.5. Fund of assessment tools for conducting intermediate certification of students in the discipline.

**10.5.1.** List of funds for evaluation funds correlated with the planned results of the development of the educational program.

#### For students with disabilities

Categories of students	Types of evaluation tools	Forms of control and evaluation of learning outcomes	
hearing loss	text	predominantly written review	
visually impaired	interview	predominantly oral examination (individually)	

With a violation of the musculoskeletal system	solving remote tests,	organization of control in the EIEE DSMU, written verification
--	-----------------------	--

Students belonging to the category of disabled people and persons with disabilities are given more time to prepare answers for the test, they are allowed to prepare for the test using distance learning technologies.

10.5.2. Methodological materials that define the procedures for assessing knowledge, skills and (or) experience of activity, characterizing the stages of the formation of competencies.

When carrying out the procedure for evaluating the learning outcomes of people with disabilities and persons with disabilities, the use of technical means necessary for them in connection with their individual characteristics is envisaged.

The procedure for evaluating the learning outcomes of people with disabilities and people with disabilities in the discipline provides for the provision of information in forms adapted to the limitations of their health and perception of information:

For persons with visual impairments:

- in printed form in enlarged type;
- in the form of an electronic document;
- in the form of an audio file.

For people with hearing impairments:

- in printed form;
- in the form of an electronic document.

For people with musculoskeletal disorders:

- in printed form;
- in the form of an electronic document;
- in the form of an audio file.

This list can be specified depending on the contingent of students.

When carrying out the procedure for evaluating the learning outcomes of people with disabilities and persons with disabilities in a discipline (module), the following additional requirements are met, depending on the individual characteristics of students:

1. instructions on the procedure for conducting the assessment procedure are provided in an accessible form (orally, in writing, orally using the services of a

sign language interpreter);

- 2. an accessible form for providing assignments of assessment tools (in printed form, in printed form in an enlarged font, in the form of an electronic document, assignments are read out by an assistant, assignments are provided using sign language translation);
- 3. an accessible form of providing answers to tasks (in writing on paper, a set of answers on a computer, using the services of an assistant, orally).

If necessary, for students with disabilities and the disabled, the procedure for evaluating learning outcomes in a discipline (module) can be carried out in several stages. The procedure for evaluating the learning outcomes of people with disabilities and persons with disabilities is allowed using distance learning technologies.

## 10.6. The list of basic and additional educational literature necessary for the development of the discipline.

For mastering the discipline, disabled people and persons with disabilities are provided with basic and additional educational literature in the form of an electronic document in the library fund and / or in electronic library systems. Also, special textbooks and teaching aids, other educational literature and special technical training aids for collective and individual use, as well as the services of sign language and sign language interpreters are provided free of charge.

#### 10.7. Guidelines for students on mastering the discipline

Individual work is of great importance in mastering the discipline by disabled people and persons with disabilities. Individual work means two forms of interaction with a teacher: individual educational work (consultations), i.e. additional explanation of the educational material and in-depth study of the material with those students who are interested in this, and individual educational work. Individual consultations on the subject are an important factor contributing to the individualization of education and the establishment of educational contact between the teacher and the student with a disability or a student with disabilities.

## 10.8. Description of the material and technical base necessary for the implementation of the educational process in the discipline

Mastering the discipline by disabled people and persons with disabilities is

carried out using general and special-purpose training tools:

- lecture audience multimedia equipment, mobile radio class (for students with hearing impairments); power supplies for individual technical means;
- classroom for practical classes (seminars), multimedia equipment, mobile radio class (for students with hearing impairments);
- classroom for independent work standard workstations with personal computers; workplace with a personal computer, screen reader, screen magnifier and braille display for visually impaired students.

In each classroom where people with disabilities and people with disabilities study, an appropriate number of places for students should be provided, taking into account their health limitations.

#### XI. CHANGES LIST

	WP updated at the meeting of the department		
List of additions and changes made to the work program of the discipline	Date	Number of minutes of the meeting of the department	Signature of the head of the department